# Dynamics of Methane Adsorbed on MOFs by Disk Chopper Spectrometer



**Group B**: Benjamin Foley Pawan Tyagi Wenjie Wang Fred Yang Sidi Maiga Zheng Yuan

Kavindya Senanayake Stephanie Ramos



# **Motivation**

- Adsorbed natural gas technology Material-based storage
- Low pressure
- Light weight and portable
- Safe
- Cheaper than compressed natural gas technology
- DOE's Methane Opportunities Vehicular Energy (MOVE) projects are finding innovative ways to create natural gas storage tanks.

#### **Porous Metal-Organic Frameworks (MOFs) for methane storage**









Each cubic unit cell contains **32** CH<sub>4</sub> molecules on preferential sites. Given the C-H bond length (~ 1 Å), if the surface area are fully occupied by CH<sub>4</sub> molecules, **1 cm<sup>3</sup>** MOF-5 have surface area ~2.3×  $10^3$  m<sup>2</sup> which can accommodate **1/6 mol** CH<sub>4</sub> molecules.



#### MOF-5 System



Neutron spectroscopy: various vibrational and rotational motions of adsorbed CH<sub>4</sub> molecules, e.g.,

- CH<sub>4</sub> center-of-mass motion (phonons), ~1-20 meV, DCS
- $CH_4$  quantum rotational tunneling (at low T), ~1 600 ueV, DCS
- CH<sub>4</sub> jump diffusion (at high T), DCS



## Disk Chopper Spectrometer (DCS)



- Inelastic neutron scattering
- Choppers: Select initial energy of neutrons incident on sample
- Neutrons scattered by sample gain or lose energy
- Time-of-flight



## **Measured Intensity**



 $\blacktriangleright$  Inelastic peaks  $\rightarrow$  Transition energies between tunneling levels



### Phonons on CH4 MOFs

 $\blacktriangleright$  Deuterated organic framework allows us to see the collective CH<sub>4</sub> framework motions.



# Tunneling of CH4 in MOF



(Image credit: Rob Dimeo)

Due to Van der Waals interaction between  $CH_4$  and MOF, the  $CH_4$  experiences a potential which hinders rotation.

There are **12 positions** of the  $CH_4$  which are degenerate in the gas phase. In potential caused by the MOF, the ground state splits into **4 energy levels**, with a total of **5 possible transitions**.

Smalley & Huller 1981



# Tunneling of CH4 in MOF-5

- Inelastic peaks give the allowed transitions between energy levels.
- Data taken at 6K, scattering from other processes minimal.



#### CH<sub>4</sub> in D-MOF-5, 9 Å

- The transition energies can be used to calculate the potential barrier in the over which the methane rotates.
- Barriers are ~23 meV for 3 fold rotation, ~17 meV for 3' fold rotation.
- $\circ~$  Predicted barriers from DFT-D are 47 meV and 25 meV



# Comparison of Tunneling of CH4 in MOF-5 and UiO-66

- Data taken at 6K; all CH<sub>4</sub> absorbed
- Charged sample container
- Concentrations: 1 CH<sub>4</sub> per 1 Zn for MOF-5; 0.5 CH<sub>4</sub> per Zr UiO-66; 1 CH<sub>4</sub> per Zr UiO-66





# **Applications of DCS**

#### ➤ Diverse Phenomena

- Low energy vibrational and magnetic excitations
- Translational and rotational diffusion processes

#### ➤ Various Materials

. . .

- Magnetic and ferroelectric materials
- Organic molecules
- Molecular crystals



### **Conclusions**

- DCS is used to investigate the rotational dynamics in CH<sub>4</sub>-MOF systems, and to understand the CH<sub>4</sub>-MOF interactions.
- By analyzing the inelastic neutron scattering spectra, the transitions and rotational barriers of MOF-5 were determined.
- ➢ UiO-66 exhibits broadened inelastic peaks with respect to MOF-5 due to its structural defects.
- The experimental results are a useful comparison to DFT calculations.



#### **Future Directions**

- ➤ Analyze higher quality samples of UiO-66
- ➤ Improve DFT methods
- Rational design towards improved hydrocarbon storage





## Acknowledgement

- ✤ NCNR Staff
- HFBS & BT-7 Staff Scientists
- DCS Team
- ✤ Guest Speakers
- Class of 2015Groups A and C



Dr. Wei Zhou



Dr. Yun Liu



Yamali Hernandez



Dr. Nick Butch





### Special Acknowledgement

Dr. John Copley – Retiring after many years at NIST?





# Q&A



