

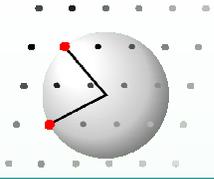
NIST



Neutron Research at NIST
Mike and Jack symposium

Hydrogen in metals -
as a postdoc and beyond

A. Magerl
Crystallography and Structural Physics
University of Erlangen-Nuremberg



how it all started

I met Jack & Mike

From May 1979 a
by NBS,
extended by 9 m

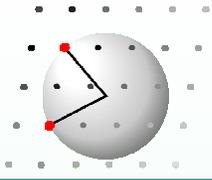
From October 19



conference

months, co-financed

ty of Maryland



post doc time is a good time

A lot of freedom

There was much time to use and to learn about instruments

There was much advice on how to use instruments

Science:

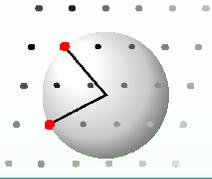
diffuse scattering from O defects in Nb

phonons

graphite intercalation compounds

hydrogen tunneling

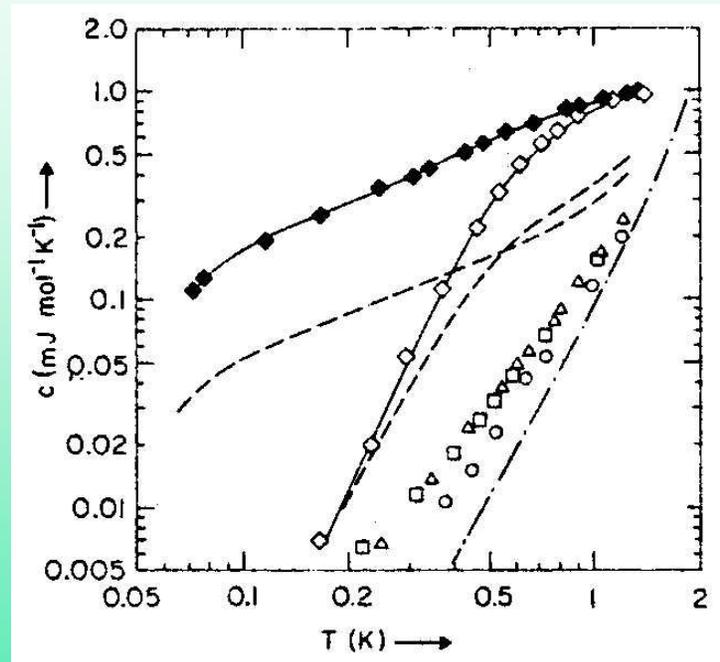
As PhD student I did phonons, and so as post doc I should look for H tunneling in Nb(OH)_x by neutron spectroscopy



H tunneling - what is the problem?

C. Morkel, H. Wipf and K. Neumaier, PRL. 40, 947 (1978)

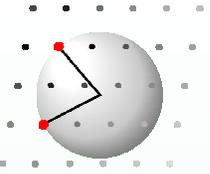
- pure Nb
- $\text{NbN}_{0.003}$
- △ $\text{NbH}_{0.002}$
- ◇ $\text{NbN}_{0.006}\text{H}_{0.002}$
- ◆ $\text{NbN}_{0.003}\text{D}_{0.002}$



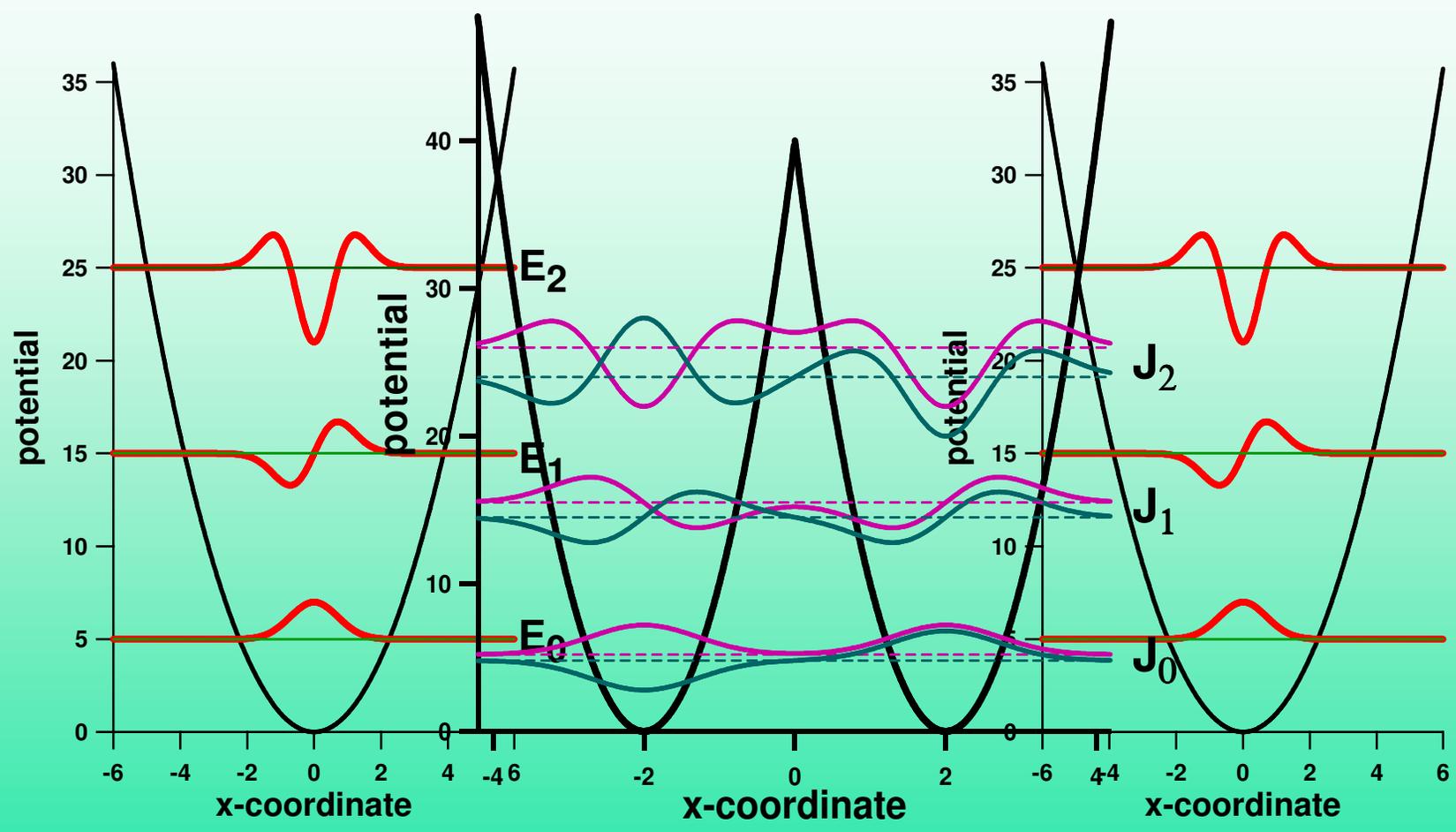
Specific heat anomaly needs the presence of both N and H / D

The anomaly is very sensitive on the hydrogen isotope

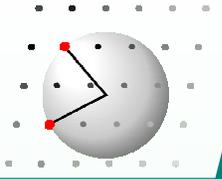
⇒ hydrogen tunneling ⇐



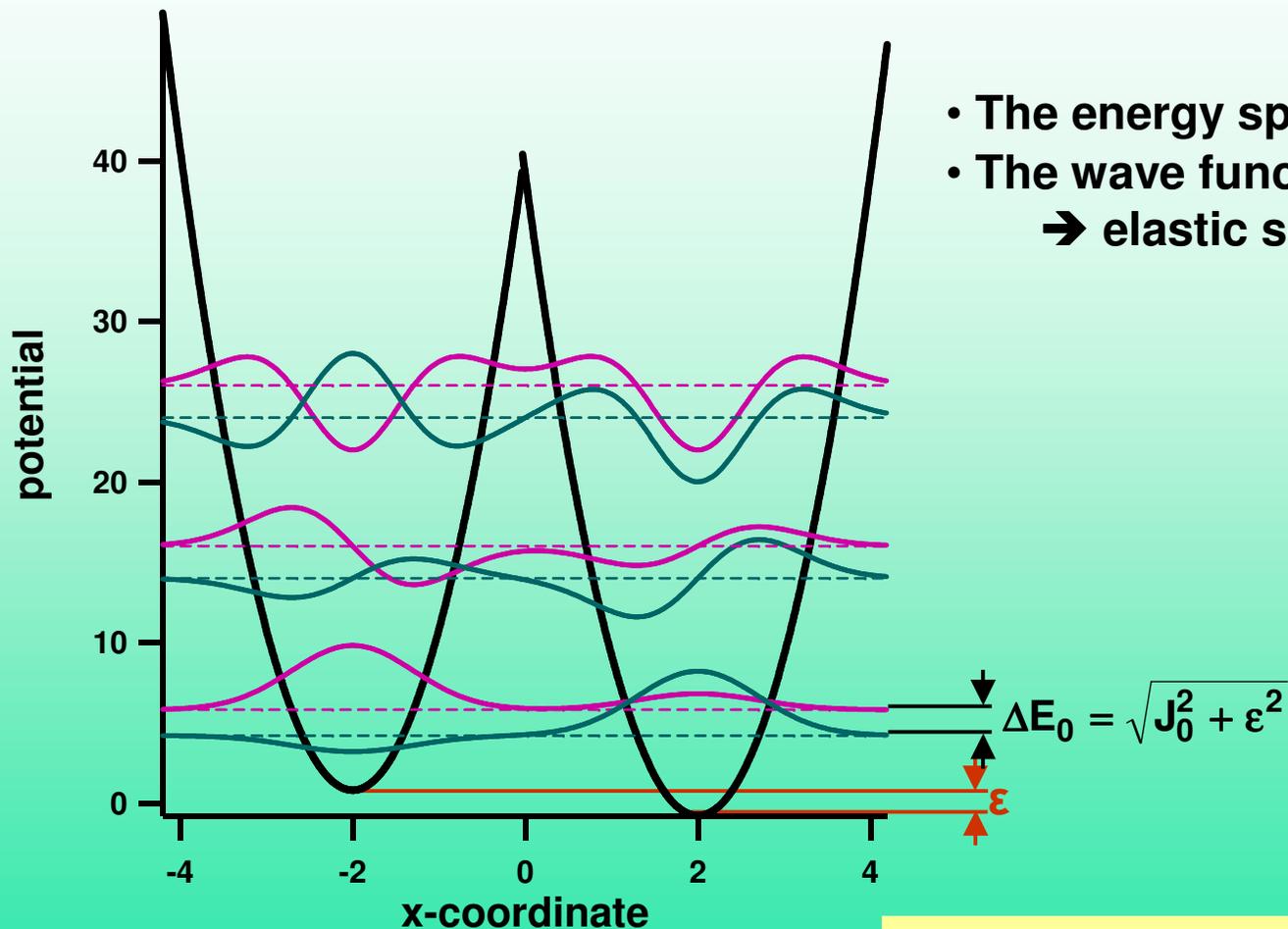
the H-tunneling



**In a double minimum potential
all oscillator levels become split**

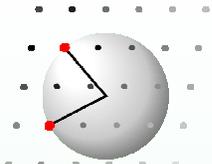


an asymmetric potential



- The energy splitting increases
- The wave functions localize rapidly
→ elastic scattering

Strain leads towards a glassy system with an energy onset at J_0



the ground state

Brookhaven:

triple axis, resolution $100 \mu\text{eV}$,
sample 90 gr of $\text{NbO}_{0.013}\text{H}_{0.016}$,
counting time ~ 2 days per spectrum

NIST:

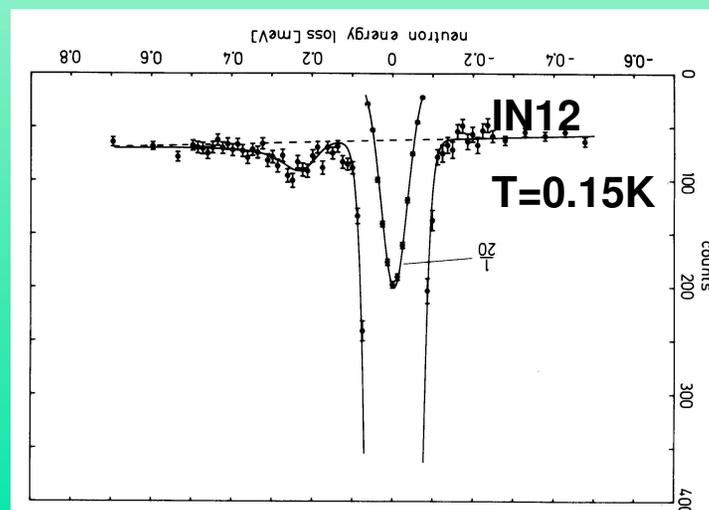
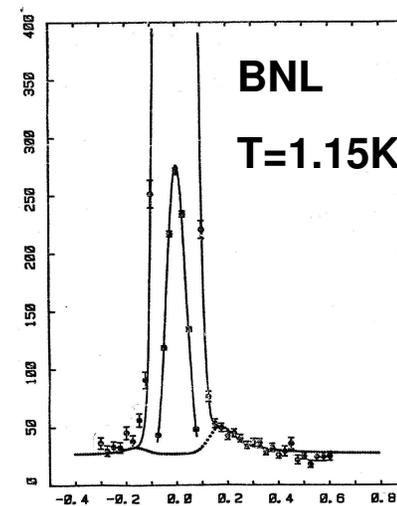
triple axis, resolution $92 \mu\text{eV}$,
sample 200 gr of $\text{NbO}_{0.011}\text{H}_{0.010}$,
counting time ~ 4 days per spectrum

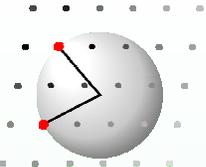
IN12 at ILL:

triple axis, resolution $76 \mu\text{eV}$,
sample 200 gr, $\text{NbO}_{0.002}\text{H}_{0.002}$,
counting time ~ 3 days per spectrum

$\chi^2 = 3,99$
const. background 27,12
incl. intensity factor $1,09 \cdot 10^{-2}$
FWHM - resolution 0,0922 meV
Matrix element 0,15 meV
fit to sum of all data ; 1,15K
 $\sigma_e = 3 \text{ meV}$

20/1/81





the H-tunneling 1: defect concentration

IN6 at ILL:

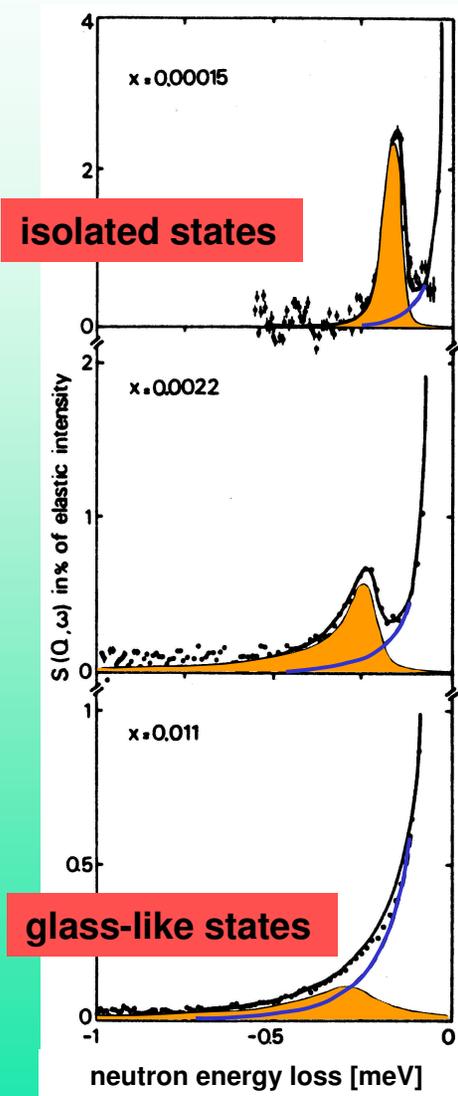
focusing time of flight,
resolution $60 \mu\text{eV}$

150 gr $\text{NbO}_{0.002}\text{H}_{0.002}$
(like IN12),

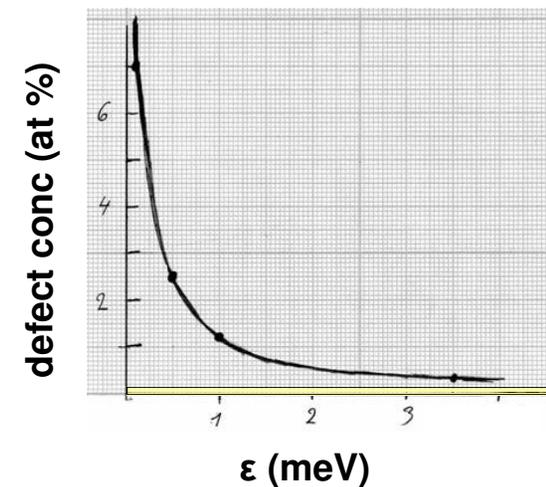
counting time ~ 6 hours

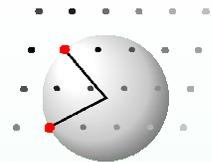
$T = 0.05 \text{ K}$

$J_0 = 0.22 \text{ meV}$

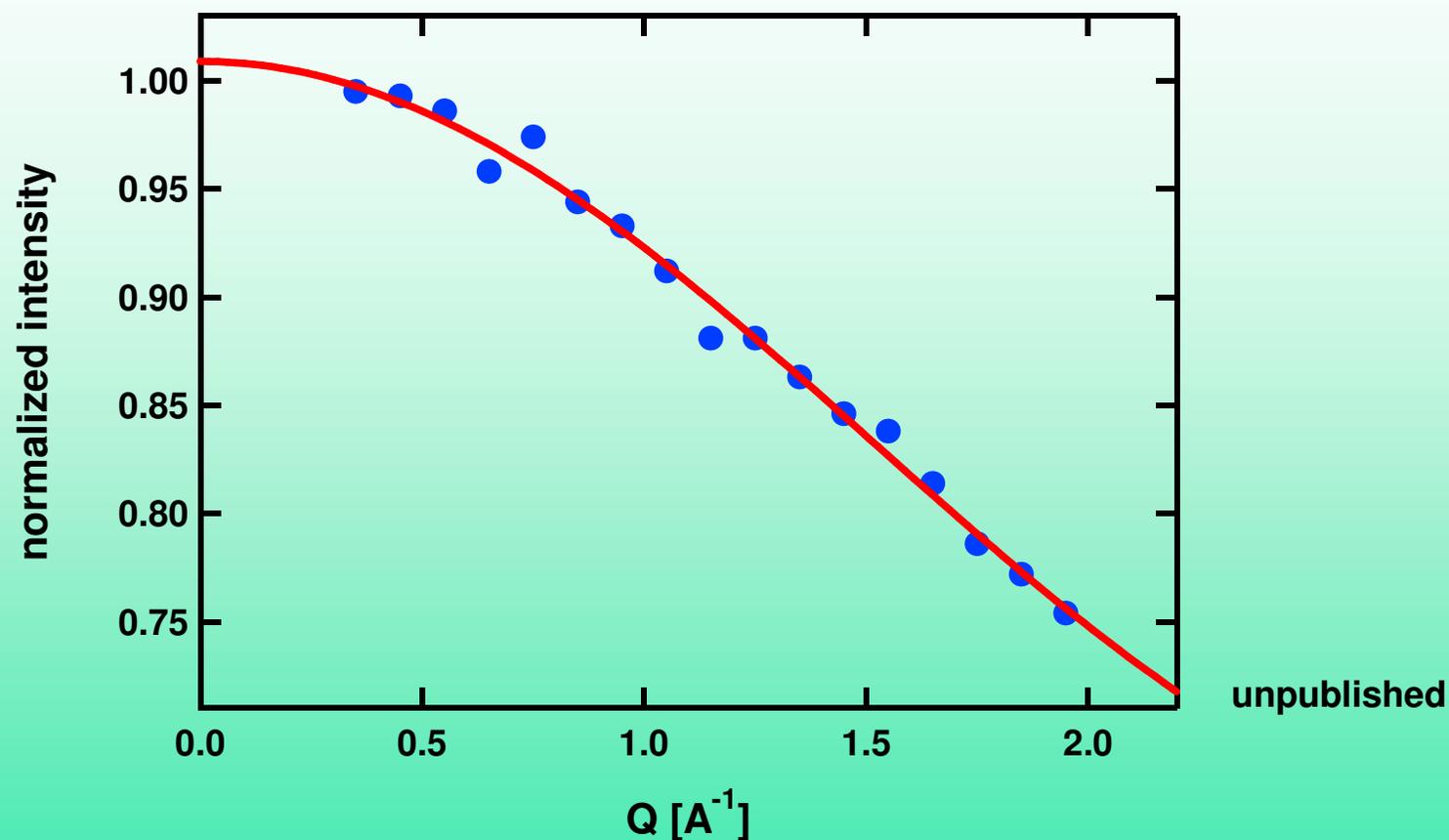


Mutual interactions
between defects
cause the distortions
 ϵ , and tunneling
occurs only for
concentrations $x < 10^{-3}$



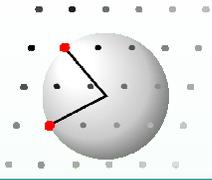


the inelastic structure factor

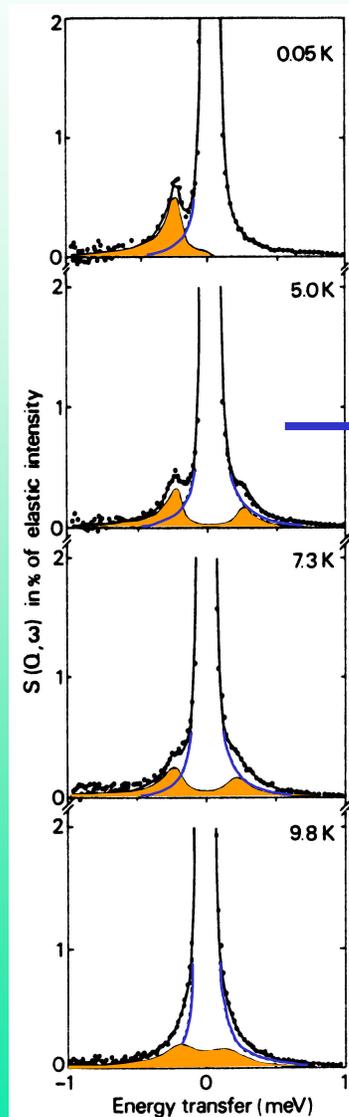


Elastic scattering 65%

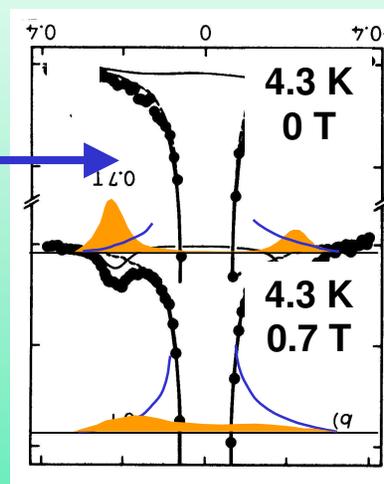
Tunneling distance $1.05 \text{ \AA} < a < 1.35 \text{ \AA}$ (ideal nn tetrahedral distance = 1.17 \AA)



the H-tunneling 2: temperature

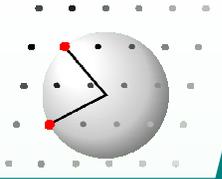


Temperature dependence
150 gr, Nb(OH)_{0.002}, counting time 6 hours



Magnetic field dependence
50 gr Nb(OH)_{0.002}, counting time 12 hours

The coupling to the conduction electrons
destroys the coherent tunneling state



electron defect coupling

for metallic state

J. L. Black 1981

$$\Gamma = \frac{\pi}{4} \lambda^2 E \coth\left(\frac{E}{k_B T}\right)$$

$\Gamma = 0.043$ meV for $T=0$ K

for BCS superconductor

$$\Gamma = \pi \lambda^2 \frac{k_B T}{\exp(\Delta^{\text{gap}}(T)/k_B T + 1)}$$

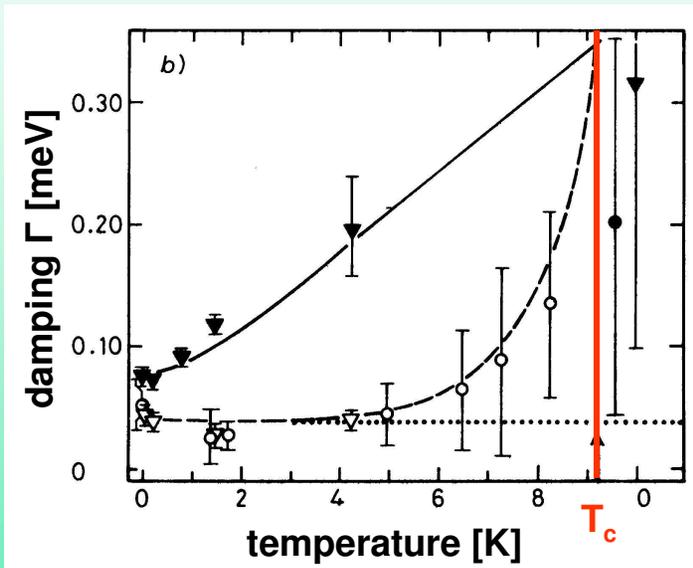
$\Gamma = 0$ for $T=0$ K

$\Delta^{\text{gap}}(T)$ = gap energy with $\Delta(T) = 1.53$ meV for Nb

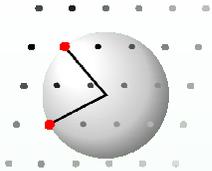
λ = interaction strength $\rho(\epsilon_F)V$

fit: $\lambda = 0.45$

metallic Nb: $\lambda = 0.55$

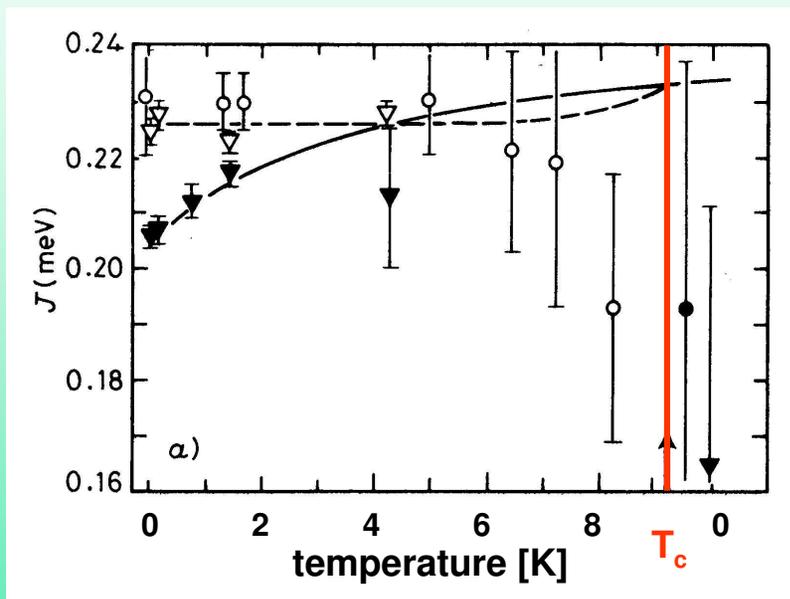


Coherent tunneling regime below ~ 10K



renormalisation of the splitting

Kondo, Yamada, Black, Grabert, Teichler

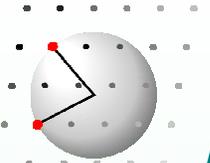


Open symbols sc state

Filled symbols nc state

$$\ln\left(\frac{\Delta E^n}{\Delta E^s}\right) = \frac{\lambda^2}{4} \left(\ln \frac{\Delta E^n}{\Delta E^s + 2\Delta^{\text{gap}}} + I\left(\frac{\Delta E^s}{2\Delta^{\text{gap}}}\right) \right)$$

with $\Delta E^n = 0.224$ meV and $\Delta E^s = 0.206$ meV



local modes

The local modes energies in the free and trapped states are the same

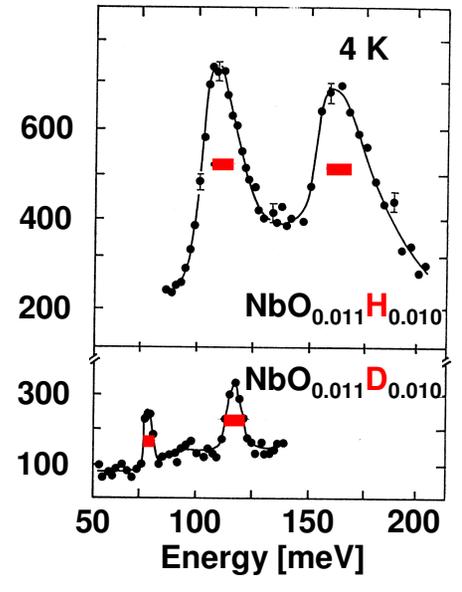
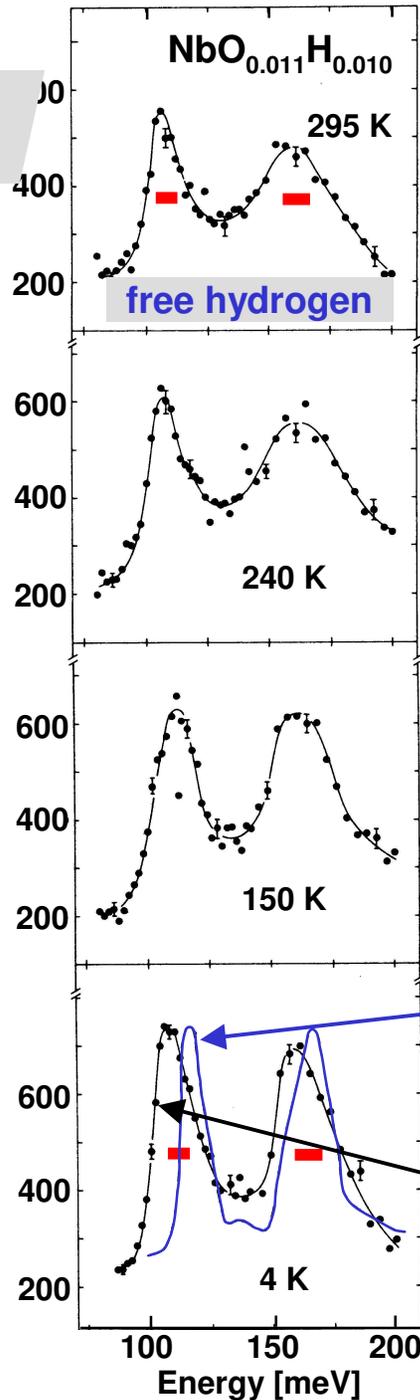
H always occupies tetrahedral sites

The line profiles in α -phase NbH_x and in Nb(OH)_x have large widths

The line widths in the ordered hydride phase are smaller than in the disordered phase

The line widths depend strongly on the H-isotope

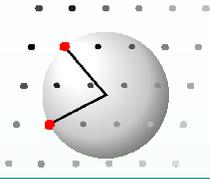
Is this due to the tunnel splitting J_1 ?



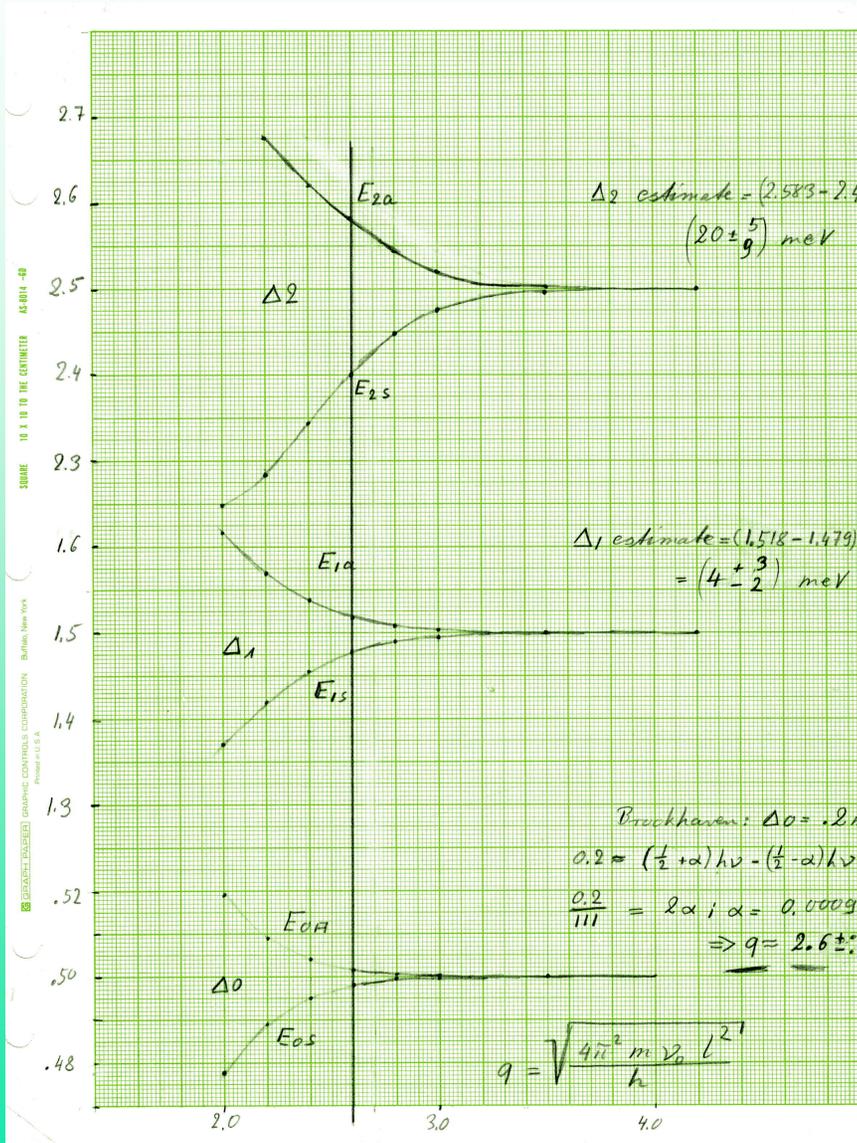
a strong isotope effect

precipitated hydrogen ϵ -phase NbH @ 78 K

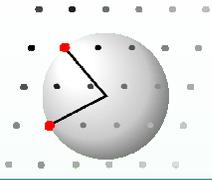
trapped hydrogen



an excited state splitting?



Annel splitting nach Blenc & Hadzi:
 Ground state splitz .2 meV; $\Rightarrow q = 2.6$

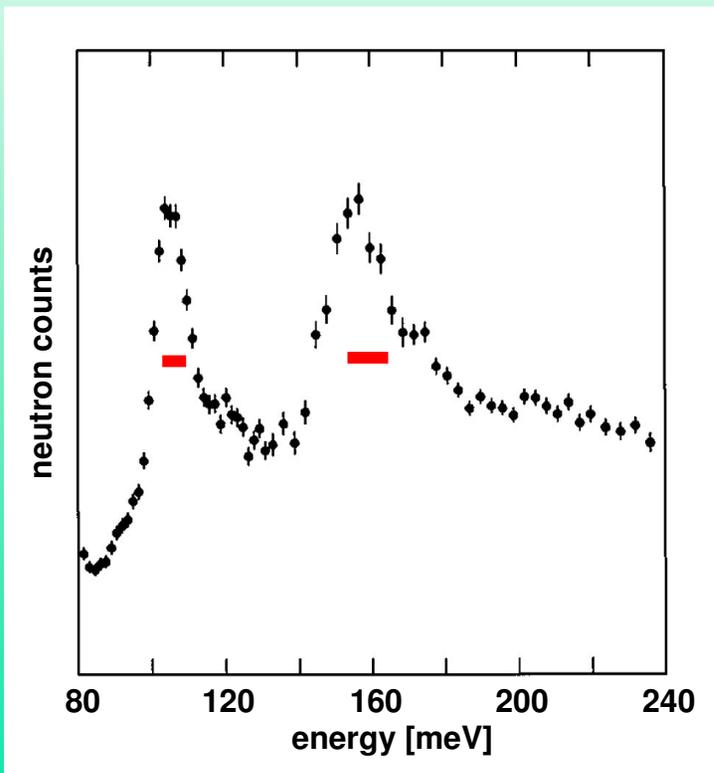


excited state splitting

90 g of $\text{NbN}_{0.004}\text{H}_{0.003}$ @ 4.2 K

Standard setup:

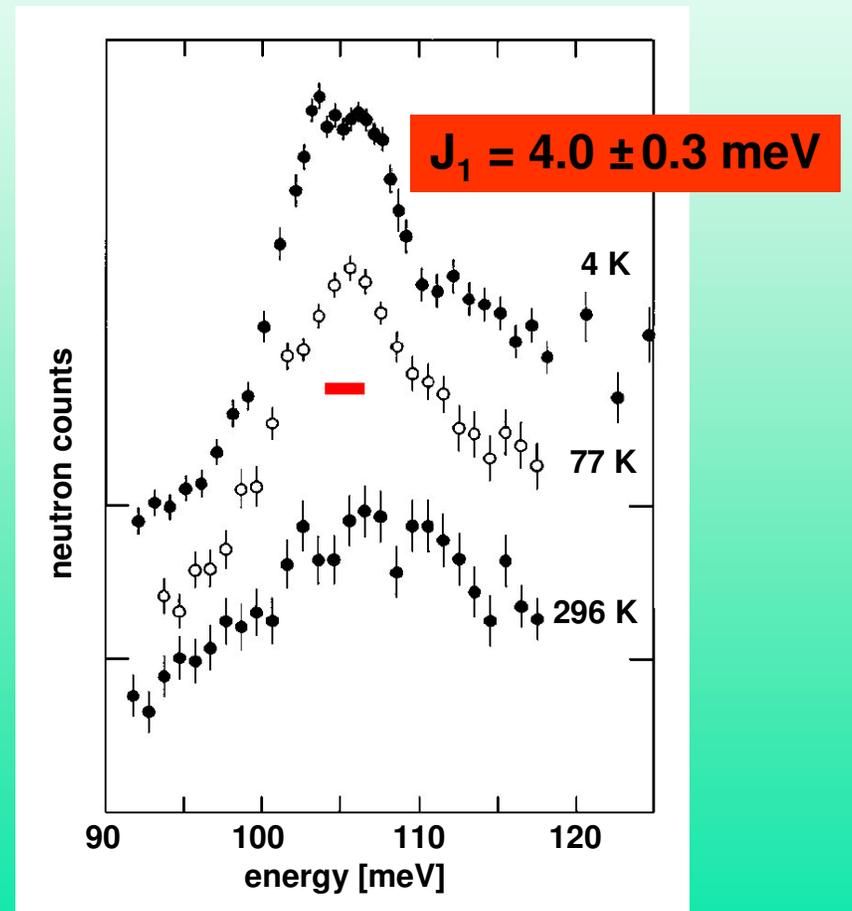
Cu220 with 40'/40' collimation
and Be filter analyser:
6.3 meV FWHM at E=105 meV

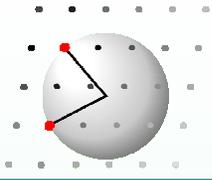


trash

a new high resolution spectrometer

Cu 220 with 20'/20' collimation and a
composite Be-graphite-Be filter analyser:
2.6 meV FWHM at E=105 meV

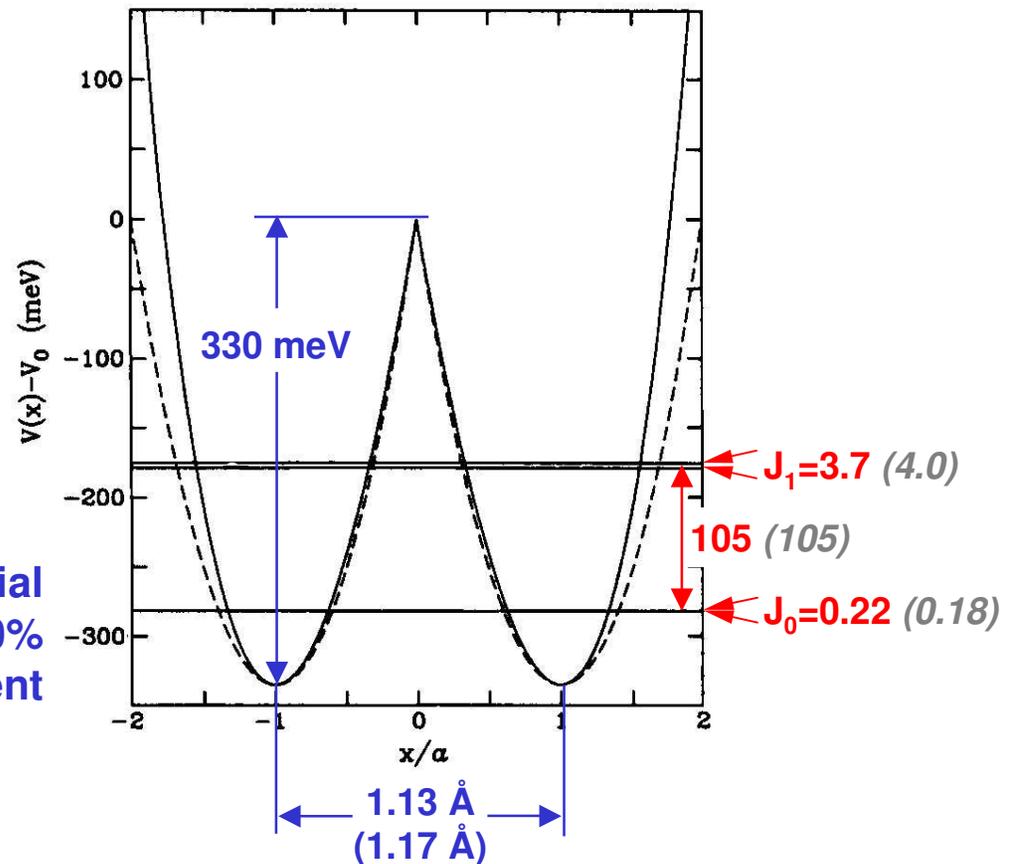




excited state splitting

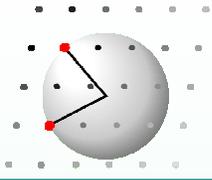
Model needs to account simultaneously for the vibrational level and for the splittings J_0 and J_1

A harmonic double well potential (dashed line) hardened by a 10% admixture of a quartic component



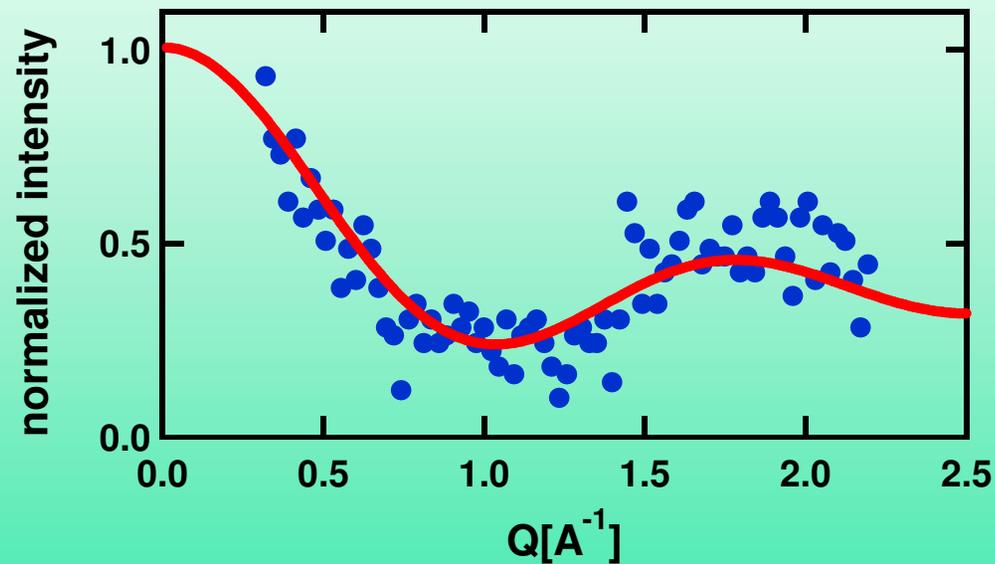
J. J. Rush et al., Euro Phys. Lett, 1999

What about the 25 meV broad excitation at 160 meV, ?FANS?



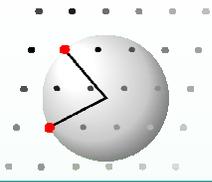
the O-H geometry

Diffuse scattering in $\text{Nb}(\text{OD})_{0.002}$ at 100 K

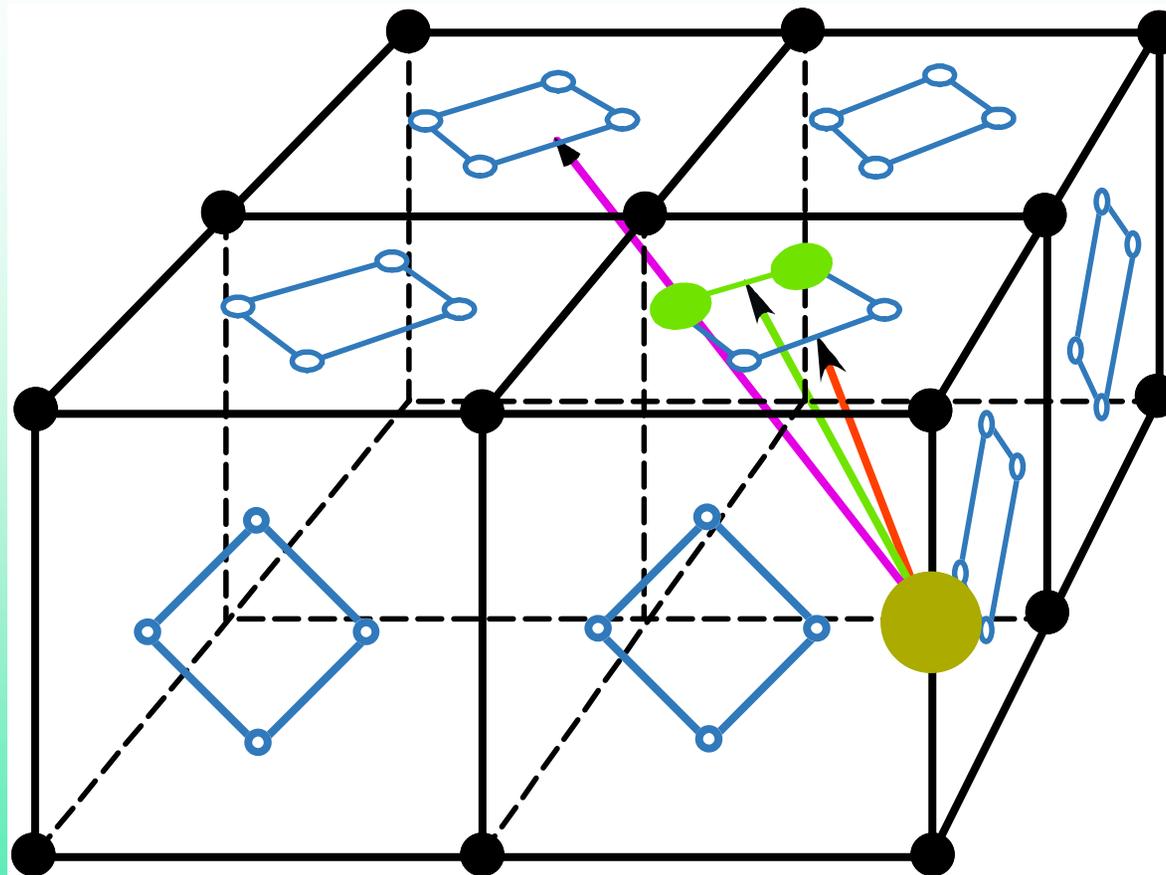


unpublished

The trapping distance is large $\sim 4.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ \AA}$



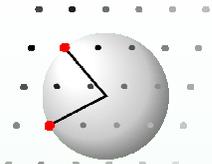
the geometry



the 1st nearest symmetrical double minimum is at 2.5 Å

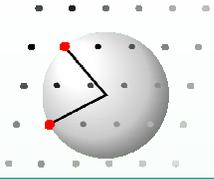
the 2nd nearest symmetrical double minimum is at 3.4 Å

the 3rd nearest symmetrical double minimum is at 6.1 Å



summary

- A comprehensive understanding of H tunneling in $\text{Nb}(\text{OH})_x$
- Ground state and the excited state level splitting
- Potential (1D double minimum) describing consistently the excitations
- Coherent ground state tunneling below $\sim 10\text{K}$
- Electrons are the dominating damping mechanism
- Temperature dependence of the line width both in nc and sc state, the finite Γ at $T=0$ in the metallic state, the renormalisation of J_0 are consistently explained with $J_0 = 0.224 \text{ meV}$ and $\lambda = 0.45$
- The strain introduces a glass-like state

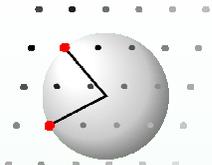


unique features?

substitutional traps $\text{Nb}(\text{TiH})_x$ with a more complex trap geometry and thus a more complex level scheme

rare earth-hydrogen systems YH_x , ScH_x where the hexagonal structure itself provides double minima potentials

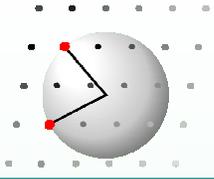
but the interstitial traps $\text{Nb}(\text{OH})_x$ are the most completely studied system of translational atomic tunneling



what remains?

list of publications

7. Neutron diffuse-scattering intensities in niobium, J.M. Rowe and A. Magerl, Phys. Rev. B 21, 1706 (1980)
9. Observations of low-energy excitations in NbD: A simple lattice-dynamical model, A. Magerl, J.M. Rowe and D. Richter, Phys. Rev. B 23, 1605 (1981)
12. Tritium vibrations in niobium by neutron spectroscopy, J.J. Rush, A. Magerl, J.M. Rowe, J.M. Harris and J.L. Provo, Phys. Rev. B 24, 4903 (1981)
19. Local hydrogen vibrations in Nb in the presence of interstitial (N,O) and substitutional (V) impurities, A. Magerl, J.J. Rush, J.M. Rowe, D. Richter and H. Wipf, Phys. Rev. B 27, 927 (1983)
20. Phonons in LiC₆, H. Zabel, A. Magerl and J.J. Rush, Phys. Rev. B 27, Rapid Comm. 3930 (1983)
21. Diffusive motion of alkali atoms in graphite: a quasi-elastic neutron scattering study, H. Zabel, A. Magerl, J.J. Rush and A.J. Dianoux, Proceedings of the Symposium on Intercalated Graphite, Boston, USA, 1982, Materials Research Symposia Proceedings, Vol. 20, ed. M.S. Dresselhaus, G. Dresselhaus, J.E. Fischer and M.J. Moran, North Holland, New York, Amsterdam, Oxford 1983
22. Planar diffusive motion of alkali-metal intercalant atoms in graphite, H. Zabel, A. Magerl, A.J. Dianoux and J.J. Rush, Phys. Rev. Lett. 50, 2094 (1983)
23. Influence of substitutional and interstitial impurities on local hydrogen modes in Nb, A. Magerl, J.J. Rush, J.M. Rowe, D. Richter and H. Wipf in the "Proceedings of the International Symposium on the Electronic Structure and Properties of Hydrogen in Metals" edited by P. Jena and C.B. Satterthwaite, Plenum Press New York, 1983
24. Dynamical properties of alkali intercalates in graphite, A. Magerl, H. Zabel, J.J. Rush and A.J. Dianoux, Synthetic Metals 7, 227 (1983)
25. Phonons in LiC₆ and in heavy alkali metal-graphite intercalation compounds, A. Magerl, H. Zabel and J.J. Rush, Synthetic Metals 7, 339 (1983)
26. Elastic neutron scattering results on C₂₄Rb(D₂)_x in the dilute concentration regime, H. Zabel, J.J. Rush and A. Magerl, Synthetic Metals 7, 251 (1983)
38. Local modes in dilute metal hydrogen alloys, A. Magerl, J.J. Rush and J.M. Rowe, Phys. Rev. B 33, 2093 (1986)
63. Diffusion and melting in two dimensions: a quasielastic neutron scattering study of alkali metals in graphite, H. Zabel, A. Magerl, J.J. Rush and M.E. Misenheimer, Physical Review B 40, 7616 (1989)
70. Rapid low-temperature hopping of hydrogen in a pure metal: the ScH_x system, I.S. Anderson, N.F. Berk, J.J. Rush, T.J. Udovic, R.G. Barnes, A. Magerl and D. Richter, Phys. Rev. Letters, 65, 1439 (1990)
104. Excited-state vibrational tunnel splitting of hydrogen trapped by nitrogen in niobium, J. J. Rush, T. J. Udovic, N. F. Berk, D. Richter and A. Magerl, Euro. Phys. Letters, 48, 187 (1999)

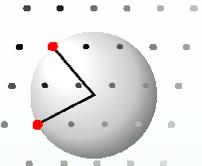


...and beyond?

Forged my thinking about physics

Forged my thinking about other disciplines

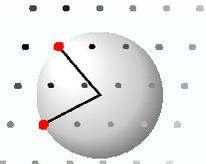
A post doc time is an extremely fruitful period



...and afterwards?



**Inauguration of new building
July 19, 2005**



...and science?

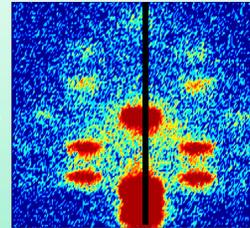
Neutron scattering

Oxygen diffusion in perovskite derived structures

Lubricants under shear

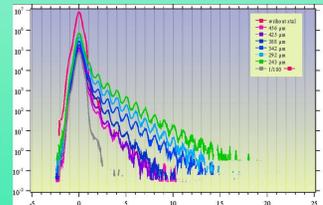


Surface induced ordering in liquids



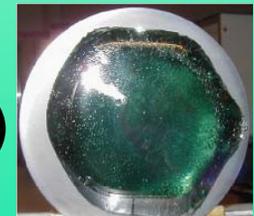
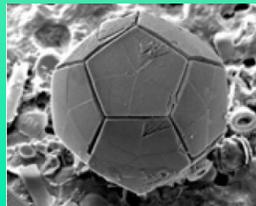
X-ray scattering

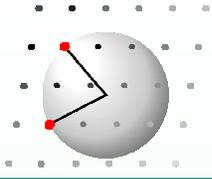
Time resolved diffraction (10 ps)



Defect structures in semiconductors (Si, SiC, Si-Ge)

Bio-mineralization





travel bag ~~September 2005~~ 2005. 20, 1980

